

# SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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# PLODZIK & SANDERSON

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the School Administrative Unit Board School Administrative Unit No. 70 Hanover, New Hampshire

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of School Administrative Unit No. 70 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Administrative Unit's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of School Administrative Unit No. 70, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

**Required Supplementary Information** – Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the following be presented to supplement the basic financial statements:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis,
- Schedule of the School Administrative Unit's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability,
- Schedule of School Administrative Unit Contributions Pensions,
- Schedule of the School Administrative Unit's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability,

# School Administrative Unit No. 70 Independent Auditor's Report

- Schedule of School Administrative Unit Contributions Other Postemployment Benefits,
- Schedule of Changes in the School Administrative Unit's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios, and
- Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information – Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Administrative Unit No. 70's basic financial statements. The individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Pladrik & Sanderson Professional association

February 4, 2020

#### SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT #70

# Administrative Agent for the Hanover, New Hampshire; Norwich, Vermont; and Dresden Interstate School Districts

# Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

The Superintendent of Schools and Business Administrator of School Administrative Unit (SAU) #70 offer readers of the SAU's annual financial statements this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the SAU for the fiscal year, which ended June 30, 2019. This discussion and analysis is prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 34 (GASB 34) and 68, as well as recently adopted GASB Statement 75. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the annual audited report.

In New Hampshire, the state legislature created School Administrative Units as a means of providing professional management support for groups of the many small school districts throughout the State. SAU 70 is unique in the State of New Hampshire in that of its three member districts, one—Norwich—is a Vermont School District. A second, the Dresden School District, is an "interstate school district" which accepts students from both New Hampshire and Vermont. Thus, SAU 70's service and administrative mandate actually crosses state boundaries, managing schools in two separate states, according to the laws and regulations of those two states.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The SAU's total net position for the year ending June 30, 2019, was (\$1,337,035). Net position increased by \$45,344 or 3.3% between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019. The SAU's total net position consisted of \$3,187 of capital assets, and (\$1,340,222) of unrestricted net position. Under GASB 68, the SAU's long-term obligations include its pro-rata share of the unfunded liability of in the New Hampshire Retirement System. Under GASB 75, as in other years, significant liability arises from Other Post Employment Benefits. Under GASB 34, these liabilities are reflected as a reduction in net position. Under New Hampshire state law, the SAU is prohibited from issuing bonds.

During the year, the SAU's operating expenses of \$1,474,166 were \$45,344 less than operating revenues of \$1,519,510. Revenues consist primarily of assessments to the three member districts, but the SAU also has a small amount of miscellaneous income.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve to be an introduction to the SAU's annual financial report, which consists of basic financial statements, notes and related financial and compliance information. The SAU's annual financial report consists of four elements: (1) government-wide financial statements; (2) fund financial statements (3) notes to the financial statements; and (4) required supplementary information. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the SAU based upon measurement focus and basis of accounting. The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the SAU's overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the SAU, reporting the SAU's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental fund statements tell how the SAU's services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the

# School Administrative Unit #70

#### Management Discussion and Analysis for Fiscal Year 2019

financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements show functions of the SAU that are principally supported by district assessments as Governmental Activities. These functions are also accounted for in the General Fund. The governmental activities of the SAU include superintendent services, special education administration, technology, curriculum development, and business support services including accounting, payroll, and financial reporting.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund definitions are part of a state and federal mandated uniform accounting system and chart of accounts for all New Hampshire SAU's. The SAU uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The SAU has only one fund, the General Fund. General Fund expenditures are compared to budget in the Budgetary and Actual schedule, Exhibit D.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial statements—the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) and Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) provide a comprehensive summary of governmental activities. The Statement of Net Position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2019, unrestricted net position of the SAU totaled (\$1,337,035). The School District's negative net position is due in part to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which requires the School District to report their proportionate share of the New Hampshire Retirement System's net pension liability based upon their plan contributions for the year. The New Hampshire Retirement System has a statutory funding schedule whose goal is to reach 100% plan funding by June 30, 2039.

Unrestricted net position also includes GASB 75's Other Post Employment Benefits. The SAU has no real property—land or buildings—but rather operates out of space at the Dresden School District's Hanover High School. Finally, the SAU's net position reflects its investment in machinery and equipment for accounting and administrative operations, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The SAU uses these capital assets to provide services to the management of it's subsidiary districts and their students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the SAU's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. A portion of the net position is invested in capital assets. The SAU's investment in capital assets (furniture, machinery, and technology equipment) is reported net of accumulated depreciation and net of related debt.

### Comparative Statement of Changes in Net Position

The SAU's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. Summaries of the capital assets, depreciation and long-term debt

Management Discussion and Analysis for Fiscal Year 2019

obligations can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements. Depreciation is included by accounting convention thus the depreciated value of an SAU asset, as reflected in these reports, does not reflect an asset's useful, market or replacement value. A Statement of Comparative Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2018, and June 30, 2019 is shown below.

Comparative Statement of Char	nges in	Net Position	_		I	ncrease
		2019		2018	(D	ecrease)
Current assets	\$	62,281	\$	32,995	\$	29,286
Non-current assets		3,187		8,479		(5,292)
Total assets		65,468		41,474		23,994
Deferred outflows of resources		252,513		313,562		(61,049)
Current liabilities		4,629		2,466		2,163
Non-current liabilities		1,312,608		1,606,122		(293,514)
Total liabilities		1,317,237		1,608,588		(291,351)
Deferred inflows of resources		337,779		128,827		208,952
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,187		8,479		(5,292)
Restricted Net Position						*
Unrestricted Net Position		(1,340,222)		(1,390,858)		50,636
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	(1,337,035)	\$	(1,382,379)	\$	45,344

#### Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities provides an important record of overall expenditures and revenues for the fiscal year. During the 2018-19 year the SAU's total expenses were \$1,474,166, and total revenues were \$1,519,510 resulting in an increase in net position of \$45,344. The largest share of revenue, \$1,515,917, was from district assessments. The SAU's expenses were entirely for executive administration.

	FY 2019	FY 2018	\$ Chg	% Chg
Expenditures Support Services Executive Administration	\$ 1,474,166	\$ 1,497,081	\$ (22,915)	-1.53%
General Revenue School District Assessment Miscellaneous Total Revenues	1,515,917 3,593 1,519,510	1,444,318 13,478 1,457,796	71,599 (9,885) 61,714	4.96% -73.34% 4.23%
Change in Net Position Change related to implementation of GASB No. 75	45,344	(39,285)	84,629	-215.42%
Net Positon, beginning	(1,382,379)	(1,343,094)	(39,285)	2.92%
Net Position, ending	\$ (1,337,035)	\$ (1,382,379)	\$ 45,344	-3.28%

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### General Fund

The SAU's governmental funds include only the General Fund. Information from the fund accounting system is essential in managing budgets as the financial year progresses and is useful in assessing financial resource needs for future operations. The General Fund is what most people think of as "the budget" since it is largely supported by locally raised assessments.

Schedules 1 and 2 detail General Fund activity for 2018-19. Schedule 1 shows that budgeted revenues totaled \$1,516,117 with another \$10,000 of fund balance, while actual revenues equaled \$1,519,510, a favorable variance of \$3,393. District assessments are the lion's share of the SAU's income. Schedule 2 shows that against budgeted appropriations of \$1,526,117 the SAU expended \$1,491,587, a favorable balance of \$34,530. Schedule 3 shows the change in unassigned fund balance ending of \$50,282.

The SAU utilized no other funds during the 2018-19 fiscal year.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

On June 30, 2019, the SAU reported capital assets of \$3,187 (net of accumulated depreciation). As the SAU owns no real property this was composed entirely of office and computer equipment. The SAU annually invests in new furnishings, computers and peripherals, and printed media.

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	% Change
Being Depreciated:			
Equipment	\$ 20,380	\$ 125,744	-83.79%
Less Accumulated Depreciation:			
Machinery, Equipment, and Vehicles	(17,193)	(117,265)	-85.34%
Net Book Value, all capital assets	\$ 3,187	\$ 8,479	-62.41%

#### Long-Term Liabilities

The SAU has no debt outstanding. Its long-term liabilities are comprised only of compensated absences payable, as shown below.

	6/30/19		6/30/18		\$ Change	
Compensated Absences	\$	45,994	\$	41,771	\$	4,223
Net Other Postemployment Benefits		231,396		220,836		10,560
Net Pension Liability		1,035,218		1,343,515	-	(308,297)
Total Long-Term Debt Outstanding	\$	1,312,608	\$	1,606,122	\$	(293,514)

#### FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

The residents of Hanover and Norwich have a long history of strong support for the education of the children of their community and for providing sufficient resources for quality education. There is no indication of any change in this support. Nonetheless, funding for education is a matter of concern in view of constantly changing economic conditions. With financing systems in both states that struggle to equitably fund education on a long-term basis, the prospect of rising tax rates is a concern. Further budgetary challenges will be presented by unavoidable increases in the costs of retirement, health insurance, special education, energy, electricity, heating fuel, and technology. School administrators are constantly mindful of the financial impact of school budgets on the taxpayer. The school board and administration are committed to continually looking for ways to contain cost increases and to keep budgets as low as possible, while at the same time not compromising services to students. Taxpayers have shown patience in that they have not let taxation issues detract from their financial support of their schools. We are grateful for the continued confidence and support.

#### Contacting the SAU's Financial Management

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Jay Badams, Superintendent of Schools, or to Jamie Teague, Business Administrator, at (603-643-6050) or by mail at:

School Administrative Unit #70 41 Lebanon Street, Suite 2 Hanover, New Hampshire 03755



# EXHIBIT A SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Cash and cash equivalents Investments Other receivables Intergovernmental receivable Intergovernmental receivable Prepaid items Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to other postemployment benefits Total deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year Total liabilities  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to pensions 243,096 243,096 243,096 243,096 252,513  LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,700 Accrued salaries and benefits 2,929 Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year Total liabilities  1,312,608 1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892 Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 3,187		Governmental Activities
Investments	ASSETS	<del>-</del>
Other receivables 146 Intergovernmental receivable 6,272 Prepaid items 7,370 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 3,187 Total assets 65,468  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions 243,096 Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 9,417 Total deferred outflows of resources 252,513  LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,700 Accrued salaries and benefits 2,929 Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year 1,312,608 Total liabilities 1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892 Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 3,187 Unrestricted (1,340,222)	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,943
Intergovernmental receivable Prepaid items Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to other postemployment benefits Total deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Accounts pay able Accrued salaries and benefits Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year Total liabilities  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to pensions Total deferred outflows of resources  2.929  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892 Total deferred inflows of resources  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  3.187	Investments	23,550
Prepaid items Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to other postemployment benefits Total deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Accounts pay able Accrued salaries and benefits Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year Total liabilities  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to pensions Total deferred inflows of resources  277,887  NET POS ITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  7,370 3,187 4,310 3,187 4,310 3,187 4,310 3,187 4,310 3,187 4,340,222	Other receivables	146
Capital assets  Total assets  65,468  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Amounts related to pensions  Amounts related to other postemployment benefits  Total deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES  Accounts payable  Accrued salaries and benefits  Noncurrent obligations:  Due in more than one year  Total liabilities  1,312,608  Total liabilities  1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Amounts related to pensions  Amounts related to other postemployment benefits  59,892  Total deferred inflows of resources  337,779  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted  3,187  (1,340,222	Intergovernmental receivable	6,272
Total assets  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Amounts related to pensions  Amounts related to other postemployment benefits  Total deferred outflows of resources  243,096  Amounts related to other postemployment benefits  9,417  Total deferred outflows of resources  252,513  LIABILITIES  Accounts payable  1,700  Accrued salaries and benefits  2,929  Noncurrent obligations:  Due in more than one year  Total liabilities  1,312,608  Total liabilities  1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Amounts related to pensions  Amounts related to other postemployment benefits  59,892  Total deferred inflows of resources  NET POS ITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted  (1,340,222	Prepaid items	7,370
Amounts related to pensions 243,096 Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 9,417 Total deferred outflows of resources 252,513  LIABILITIES Accounts payable 1,700 Accrued salaries and benefits 2,929 Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year 1,312,608 Total liabilities 1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892 Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 3,187 Unrestricted (1,340,222	Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,187
Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to other postemployment benefits Total deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year Total liabilities  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to other postemployment benefits Total deferred inflows of resources  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  243,096 9,417 252,513  LIABILITIES 1,700 2,929 1,312,608 1,317,237	Total assets	65,468
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits Total deferred outflows of resources  252,513  LIABILITIES  Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year Total liabilities  1,312,608 Total liabilities  1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to other postemployment benefits Total deferred inflows of resources  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  1,3187  1,3187  1,3187	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Total deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES  Accounts payable 1,700 Accrued salaries and benefits 2,929 Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year 1,312,608 Total liabilities 1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions 277,887 Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892 Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 3,187 Unrestricted (1,340,222	Amounts related to pensions	243,096
Accounts payable 1,700 Accrued salaries and benefits 2,929 Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year 1,312,608 Total liabilities 1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions 277,887 Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892 Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 3,187 Unrestricted (1,340,222	Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	9,417
Accounts payable 1,700 Accrued salaries and benefits 2,929 Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year 1,312,608 Total liabilities 1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions 277,887 Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892 Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 3,187 Unrestricted (1,340,222	Total deferred outflows of resources	252,513
Accrued salaries and benefits 2,929 Noncurrent obligations: Due in more than one year 1,312,608 Total liabilities 1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Amounts related to pensions 277,887 Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892 Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 3,187 Unrestricted (1,340,222	LIABILITIES	
Noncurrent obligations:  Due in more than one year  Total liabilities  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Amounts related to pensions  Amounts related to other postemployment benefits  Total deferred inflows of resources  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted  1,312,608  1,317,237  277,887  378,779  277,887  337,779  337,779  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  (1,340,222	Accounts payable	1,700
Due in more than one year Total liabilities  1,312,608 1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Amounts related to pensions Amounts related to other postemployment benefits Total deferred inflows of resources  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  1,312,608 1,317,237	Accrued salaries and benefits	2,929
Total liabilities 1,317,237  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Amounts related to pensions 277,887  Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892  Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets 3,187  Unrestricted (1,340,222)	Noncurrent obligations:	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Amounts related to pensions 277,887  Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892  Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets 3,187  Unrestricted (1,340,222	Due in more than one year	1,312,608
Amounts related to pensions 277,887  Amounts related to other postemployment benefits 59,892  Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets 3,187  Unrestricted (1,340,222)	Total liabilities	1,317,237
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits Total deferred inflows of resources  NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  59,892 337,779  NET POSITION  (1,340,222	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Total deferred inflows of resources 337,779  NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets 3,187  Unrestricted (1,340,222	Amounts related to pensions	277,887
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted  3,187  (1,340,222	Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	59,892
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  3,187  (1,340,222	Total deferred inflows of resources	337,779
Unrestricted (1,340,222	NET POSITION	
Unrestricted (1,340,222	Net investment in capital assets	3,187
Total net position \$ (1.337.035		(1,340,222)
	Total net position	\$ (1,337.035

# EXHIBIT B SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

# Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
Governmental activities:	
Support services:	
Executive administration	\$ (1,474,166)
General revenues:	
School districts' assessments	1,515,917
Miscellaneous	3,593
Total general revenues	1,519,510
Change in net position	45,344
Net position, beginning	(1,382,379)
Net position, ending	\$ (1,337,035)

# EXHIBIT C-1 SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

## Governmental Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	General
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$24,943
Investments	23,550
Receivables:	
Accounts	146
Intergovernmental	6,272
Prepaid items	7,370
Total assets	\$ 62,281
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,700
Accrued salaries and benefits	2,929
Total liabilities	4,629
FUND BALANCES	
Nonspendable	7,370
Unassigned	50,282
Total fund balances	57,652
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$62,281

#### EXHIBIT C-2

# SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total fund balances of the governmental fund (Exhibit C-1)		\$	57,652
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources,			
therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.			
Cost	\$ 20,380		
Less accumulated depreciation	(17,193)		
	(i		3,187
Pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) related deferred outflows of			
resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year,			
and therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund as follows:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 243,096		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(277,887)		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	9,417		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(59,892)		
			(85,266)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period,			
therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.			
Compensated absences	\$ 45,994		
Net pension liability	1,035,218		
Other postemployment benefits	231,396		
Omer postempter, ment a statement		(	1,312,608)
27		-	1,337,035)
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)			1,557,055)

### EXHIBIT C-3 SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

#### Governmental Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General
REVENUES	
School districts' assessments	\$1,515,917
Other local	3,593
Total revenues	1,519,510
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Support services:	
Executive administration	1,491,587
Net change in fund balances	27,923
Fund balances, beginning	29,729
Fund balances, ending	\$ 57,652

#### EXHIBIT C-4

### SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances of total governmental fund (Exhibit C-3)		\$ 27,923
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets.		
Depreciation expense		(6,356)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales and donations) is to increase net position.		1,064
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.		
Increase in compensated absences payable  Net change in net pension liability and deferred	\$ (4,223)	
outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions  Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred	72,218	
outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	(45,282)	22,713
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)		\$45,344

#### EXHIBIT D

### SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

### General Fund

# For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
REVENUES				
School districts' assessments	\$1,515,917	\$1,515,917	\$	120
Other local	200	3,593		3,393
Total revenues	1,516,117	1,519,510	_	3,393
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Support services:				
Executive administration	1,526,117	1,491,587		34,530
Net change in fund balance	\$ (10,000)	27,923	\$	37,923
Increase in nonspendable fund balance	:=	(3,118)		
Unassigned fund balance, beginning		25,477		
Unassigned fund balance, ending		\$ 50,282		

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#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School Administrative Unit No. 70, in Hanover, New Hampshire (the School Administrative Unit), have been prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

#### 1-A Reporting Entity

The School Administrative Unit No. 70 is a municipal corporation governed by the respective School Boards of Hanover, Dresden, and Norwich School Districts. In evaluating how to define the School Administrative Unit for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth by the GASB. The School Administrative Unit has no component units to include in its reporting entity.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### 1-B Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

*Government-wide Financial Statements* – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities normally are supported through assessments and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School Administrative Unit at year-end. This Statement includes all of the School Administrative Unit's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues, however in the current year there were no program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Assessments and other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Resources that are dedicated internally are reported as general revenue rather than program revenue.

**Fund Financial Statements** – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. In the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are reported by character: current, debt service or facilities acquisition and construction. Current expenditures are subclassified by function and are for items such as salaries, grants, supplies, and services.

#### 1-C Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School Administrative Unit generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of reimbursement based grants, which use a period of one year. Member district assessments, intergovernmental revenue, and other local sources associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Financial Statement Presentation – A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to report financial position and the results of operations, to demonstrate legal compliance, and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

The School Administrative Unit reports the following major governmental fund:

**General Fund** – is the School Administrative Unit's primary operating fund. The general fund accounts for all financial resources. The primary revenue sources include district assessments and other local sources. The primary expenditures are for support services.

#### 1-D Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School Administrative Unit considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Deposits with financial institutions consist primarily of demand deposits.

New Hampshire statutes require that the School Administrative Unit treasurer have custody of all money belonging to the School Administrative Unit and pay out the same only upon orders of the School Administrative Unit Board. The treasurer shall deposit all such monies in participation units in the public deposit investment pool established pursuant to NH RSA 383:22 or in solvent banks in the state. Funds may be deposited in banks outside the state if such banks pledge and deliver to a third party custodial bank or the Federal Reserve Bank, collateral security for such deposits, United States government or government agency obligations of obligations of the State of New Hampshire in value at least equal to the amount of the deposit in each case.

#### 1-E Investments

State statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available as follows:

New Hampshire law authorizes the School Administrative Unit to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the United States government;
- The public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22;
- Savings bank deposits; and
- Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements of banks incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire or in banks recognized by the State treasurer.

Any person who directly or indirectly receives any such funds or monies for deposit or for investment in securities of any kind shall, prior to acceptance of such funds, make available at the time of such deposit or investment an option to have such funds secured by collateral having a value at least equal to the amount of such funds. Such collateral shall be segregated for the exclusive benefit of the School Administrative Unit. Only securities defined by the bank commissioner as provided by rules adopted pursuant to RSA 386:57 shall be eligible to be pledged as collateral.

Fair Value Measurement of Investments – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, except for investments measured using the net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient to estimate fair value, the School Administrative Unit categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by US GAAP. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used for fair value measurement into three levels as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the School Administrative Unit has the ability to access at the measurement date. Directly held marketable equity securities would be an example of Level 1 investments, however the School Administrative Unit held no Level 1 investments as of June 30, 2019.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active. Because they most often are priced on the basis of transactions involving similar but not identical securities or do not trade with sufficient frequency, certain directly held fixed income securities are categorized in Level 2. All of the School Administrative Unit's holdings in the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP) are examples of Level 2 investments.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs based on the best information available, using assumptions in determining the fair value of investments and derivative financial instruments. The School Administrative Unit held no Level 3 investments as of June 30, 2019.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. In certain instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level of the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Investments are reported at fair value. If an investment is held directly by the School Administrative Unit and an active market with quoted prices exists, such as for domestic equity securities, the market price of an identical security is used to report fair value and is classified as Level 1. Corporate fixed income securities and certain government securities utilize pricing that may involve estimation using similar securities or trade dates and are classified in Level 2. Fair value for shares in registered mutual funds and exchange traded funds are based on published share prices and classified in Level 1.

**Investments in Certain External Investment Pools** – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, the School Administrative Unit held investments with the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP) are categorized in Level 2. The NHPDIP measures all of its investments at amortized cost. There are no redemption restrictions and shares may be redeemed by the School Administrative Unit in accordance with the NHPDIP's information statement.

#### 1-F Receivables

Receivables in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements represent amounts due to the School Administrative Unit at June 30, recorded as revenue, which will be collected in the future and consist primarily of accounts and intergovernmental receivables.

#### 1-G Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and expensed as the items are used.

#### 1-H Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at actual cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation, if received on or before June 15, 2015. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. The School Administrative Unit has established a threshold of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year for capitalization of depreciable assets.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by the fund's measurement focus. General capital assets are assets of the School Administrative Unit as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in a governmental fund and capitalized as assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

In the government-wide financial statements, the cost of property sold or retired, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed and any resulting gain or loss is included in income.

Capital assets of the School Administrative Unit are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful life over five years.

#### 1-I Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent the gross amount of expenditures or expenses incurred as a result of normal operations, but for which no actual payment has yet been issued to vendors/providers as of June 30, 2019.

# 1-J Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until then.

Deferred inflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year.

## 1-K Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position.

#### 1-L Compensated Absences

General leave for the School Administrative Unit includes vacation pay. General leave is based on an employee's length of employment and is earned ratably during the span of employment. Upon retirement or termination, employees are paid full value for any accrued general leave earned as set forth by personnel policy.

Vested or accumulated general leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated general leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

# 1-M Defined Benefit Pension Plan

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date requires participating employers to recognize their proportionate share of collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, and schedules have been prepared to provide employers with their calculated proportionate share of these amounts. The collective amounts have been allocated based on employer contributions during the respective fiscal years. Contributions from employers are recognized when legally due, based on statutory requirements.

The schedules prepared by New Hampshire Retirement System, and audited by the plan's independent auditors, require management to make a number of estimates and assumptions related to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature and uncertainty of these estimates, actual results could differ, and the differences may be material.

### 1-N Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The School Administrative Unit maintains two separate other postemployment benefit plans, as follows:

New Hampshire Retirement System Plan – For the purposes of measuring the total other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System OPEB Plan (the plan) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the New Hampshire Retirement System. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Single Employer Plan – For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information has been determined based on the School Administrative Unit's actuarial report. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

#### 1-O Net Position/Fund Balances

Government-wide statements - Equity is classified as net position and displayed in two components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

**Unrestricted Net Position** – Consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

Fund Balance Classifications – GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make sure the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form; or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Unassigned – The portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned for a specific purpose.

When multiple net position/fund balance classifications are available for use, it is the government's policy to utilize the most restricted balances first, then the next most restricted balance as needed. When components of unrestricted fund balance are used, committed fund balance is depleted first followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 1-P Use of Estimates

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the collectability of accounts receivable and the useful lives of capital assets, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from estimates.

#### NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

# 2- Budgetary Information

General governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the School Administrative Unit's operations. At its annual meeting, the School Administrative Unit adopts a budget for the current year for the general fund. The budget was adopted on a basis consistent with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

Management may transfer appropriations between operating categories as deemed necessary, but expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations in total. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered.

State statutes require balanced budgets, but provide for the use of beginning unassigned fund balance to achieve that end. In the fiscal year 2019, \$10,000 of the beginning general fund unassigned fund balance was applied for this purpose.

#### DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

## NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The School Administrative Unit's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held by the School Administrative Unit's agent in the School Administrative Unit's name. The FDIC currently insures the first \$250,000 of the School Administrative Unit's deposits at each financial institution, per case custodian. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are insured by collateral. As of year-end, the carrying amount of the School Administrative Unit's deposits was \$24,743 and the bank balances totaled \$49,775. Petty cash totaled \$200.

#### **NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS**

Note 1-E describes statutory requirements covering the investment of the School Administrative Unit funds. The School Administrative Unit holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the School Administrative Unit's mission, the School Administrative Unit determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The School Administrative Unit categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The School Administrative Unit has the following recurring fair value measurement as of June 30, 2019:

	Valuation		
	Measurement		
	Method	Faire Value	
Investments type: NH Public Deposit Investment Pool	Level 2	\$ 23,550	

Interest Rate Risk – The School Administrative Unit does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - The School Administrative Unit has no formal policy on managing credit risk; however, state law limits investments as explained in Note 1-E.

Custodial Credit Risk - The School Administrative Unit does not have custodial credit risk policies for investments.

### NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019, consisted of accounts and intergovernmental amounts arising from reimbursements from member districts. Receivables are recorded on the School Administrative Unit's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and collectability.

### NOTE 6 – PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid items at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Canon Financial Services	\$ 245
Frontline Technologies Group	7,125
Total prepaid items	\$7,370

#### NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

	Balance,			Balance,
	beginning	Additions	Retirements	ending
At cost:				
Being depreciated:				
Equipment	\$125,744	\$ -	\$(105,364)	\$ 20,380
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Equipment	(117,265)	(6,356)	106,428	(17,193)
Net book value, all capital assets	\$ 8,479	\$ (6,356)	\$ 1,064	\$ 3,187

Depreciation expense of \$6,356 was charged to the executive administration function of the School Administrative Unit based on their usage of the related assets.

#### NOTE 8 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources of at June 30, 2019 consist of amounts related to pensions totaling \$243,096 and amounts related to OPEB totaling \$9,417. For further discussion on these amounts, see Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

Deferred inflows of resources of at June 30, 2019 consist of amounts related to pensions totaling \$ 277,887 and amounts related to OPEB totaling \$59,892. For further discussion on these amounts, see Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

#### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the School Administrative Unit's long-term liabilities consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2019
Compensated absences	\$ 41,771	\$ 4,223	\$ -	\$ 45,994
Pension related liability	1,343,515	-	(308,297)	1,035,218
Net other postemployment benefits	220,836	13,401	(2,841)	231,396
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 1,606,122	\$ 17,624	\$(311,138)	\$ 1,312,608

The School Administrative Unit had no long-term liabilities due within one year for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) is a public employee retirement system that administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Pension Plan), a component unit of the State of New Hampshire, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The Pension Plan was established in 1967 by RSA 100-A:2 and is qualified as a tax-exempt organization under Sections 401(a) and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Pension Plan is a contributory, defined benefit plan providing service, disability, death and vested retirement benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Substantially all full-time state employees, public school teachers and administrators, permanent firefighters and permanent police officers with in the State are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan. The System issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing the New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, NH 03301.

**Benefits Provided** – The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II. All assets are held in a single trust and available to pay retirement benefits to all members.

Group I members at age 60 or 65 (for members who commence service after July 1, 2011) quality for a normal service retirement allowance based on years of creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when their service commenced. The yearly pension amount is 1/60 or 1.667% of average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by years of creditable service. At age 65, the yearly pension amount is recalculated at 1/66 or 1.515% of AFC multiplied by years of creditable service.

Group II members who are age 60, or members who are at least age 45 with at least 20 years of creditable service, can receive a retirement allowance at a rate of 2.5% of AFC for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 40 years. Members commencing service on or after July 1, 2011 or members who have nonvested status as of January 1, 2012 can receive a retirement allowance at age 52.5 with 25 years of service or age 60. The benefit shall be equal to 2% of AFC times creditable service up to 42.5 years. However, a member who commenced service on or after July 1, 2011 shall not receive a retirement allowance until attaining the age of 52.5, but may receive a reduced allowance after age 50 if the member has at least 25 years of creditable service where the allowance shall be reduced, for each month by which the member attains 52.5 years of age by ½ of 1% or age 60.

Members of both groups may qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances and death benefit allowances, subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earnable compensation and/or service.

Contributions – The System is financed by contributions from both the employees and the School Administrative Unit. Member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the State legislature while employer contribution rates are set by the System trustees based on an actuarial valuation. All employees are required to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. For fiscal year 2019, the School Administrative Unit contributed 15.70% for teachers and 11.08% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2019 was \$97,892, which was paid in full.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2019, the School Administrative Unit reported a liability of \$1,035,218 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Administrative Unit's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School Administrative Unit's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and School Administrative Units, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the School Administrative Unit's proportion was .02149896% which was a decrease of .00581940% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School Administrative Unit recognized pension expense of \$39,839. At June 30, 2019, the School Administrative Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of
	Re	esources	Resources
Changes in proportion	\$	65,296	\$245,549
Net difference between projected and actual investment			
earnings on pension plan investments		*6	23,956
Changes in assumptions		71.642	5745
Differences between expected and actual experience		8.263	8,382
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		97,892	325
Total	\$	243,093	\$277,887
	-		

The \$97,892 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from the School Administrative Unit contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	
2019	\$ (11,562)
2020	381
2021	(75,013)
2022	(462,492)
Thereafter	(*)
Totals	\$ (548,686)

Actuarial Assumptions – The collective total pension liability was determined by an actuarial performed as of June 30, 2017, rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using the following assumptions:

Inflation: 2.5% per year Wage inflation 3.25% per year

Salary increases: 5.6% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.25% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 employee generational mortality tables for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015, based on last experience study.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2018:

		Weighted average long-term
	Target	expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	2018
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	4.25%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	4.50%
Total domestic equities	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	13.00%	4.50%
Emerging Int'l Equities	7.00%	6.00%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core Bonds	4.50%	0.50%
Short Duration	2.50%	(0.25%)
Global Multi-Sector Fixed Income	11.00%	1.80%
Absolute Return Fixed Income	7.00%	1.14%
Total fixed income	25.00%	
Private equity	5.00%	6.25%
Private debt	5.00%	4.25%
Opportunistic	5.00%	2.15%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	3.25%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. For purposes of the projection, member contributions and employer service cost contributions are projected based on the expected payroll of current members only. Employer contributions are determined based on the Pension Plan's actuarial funding policy as required by RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Administrative Unit's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the School Administrative Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the School Administrative Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Actuarial	Current Single			
Valuation	1% Decrease	1% Increase		
Date	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	
June 30, 2018	\$1,377,367	\$ 1,035,218	\$ 748,488	

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan financial report.

#### NOTE 11 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

# 11-A New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS)

*Plan Description* – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan medical subsidy healthcare plan (OPEB Plan). For additional system information, please refer to the 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be found on the system's website at www.nhrs.org.

Benefits Provided – Benefit amounts and eligibility requirements for the OPEB Plan are set by State law (RSA 100-A:52, RSA 100-A:52-a and RSA 100-A:52-b), and members are designated in statute by type. The four membership types are Group II, Police Officers and Firefighters; Group I, Teachers; Group I, Political Subdivision Employees; and Group I, State Employees. The OPEB Plan provides a medical insurance subsidy to qualified retired members. The medical insurance subsidy is a payment made by NHRS to the former employer or its insurance administrator toward the cost of health insurance for a qualified retiree, his/her qualified spouse, and his/her certified dependent children with a disability who are living in the household and being cared for by the retiree. If the health insurance premium amount is less than the medical subsidy amount, then only the health insurance premium amount will be paid. If the health insurance premium amount exceeds the medical subsidy amount, then the retiree or other qualified person is responsible for paying any portion that the employer does not pay.

Group I benefits are based on creditable service, age and retirement date. Group II benefits are based on hire date, age and creditable service. The OPEB plan is closed to new entrants.

Maximum medical subsidy rates paid during fiscal years 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

For qualified retirees not eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$375.56 for a single-person plan and \$751.12 for a two-person plan.

For those qualified retirees eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$236.84 for a single-person plan and \$473.68 for a two-person plan.

Contributions – The OPEB Plan is funded by allocating to the 401(h) subtrust the lessor of: 25% of all employer contributions made in accordance with RSA 100-A:16 or the percentage of employer contributions determined by the actuary to be the minimum rate necessary to maintain the benefits provided under RSA 100-A:53-b, RSA 100-A:53-c, and RSA 100-A:53-d. For fiscal year 2018, the minimum rates determined by the actuary to maintain benefits were the lesser of the two options and were used to determine the employer contributions due to the 401(h) subtrust. The State Legislature has the authority to establish, amend and discontinue the contribution requirements of the OPEB Plan. Administrative costs are allocated to the OPEB Plan based on fund balances. For fiscal year 2019, the School Administrative Unit contributed 1.66% for teachers and 0.30% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2018 was \$3,784 which was paid in full.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – At June 30, 2019, the School Administrative Unit reported a liability of \$37,004 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Administrative Unit's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the School Administrative Unit's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and School Administrative Units, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the School Administrative Unit's proportion was .00808221% which was a decrease of .00063214% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School Administrative Unit recognized OPEB expense of \$1,186. At June 30, 2019, the School Administrative Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Def	erred	Dei	terred
	Outfl	ows of	Infl	ows of
	Resources		Resources	
Changes in proportion	\$	140	\$	615
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		118
Changes in assumptions		253		75
Differences between expected and actual experience		217		<b>#</b>
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,784		*
Total	\$	4,001	\$	733

The \$3,784 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB results from the School Administrative Unit contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	
2019	\$ (434)
2020	(37)
2021	(37)
2022	(8)
2023	2
Thereafter	9
Totals	\$(516)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017 and a measurement date of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Price inflation: 2.5% per year Wage inflation: 3.25% per year

Salary increases: 5.6% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.25% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Health care trend rate: Not applicable, given that the benefits are fixed stipends

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 healthy annuitant and employee generational mortality tables for males and females with credibility adjustments, adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015, based on last experience study.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2018:

		Weighted average long-term
	Target	expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	2018
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	4.25%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	4.50%
Total domestic equities	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	13.00%	4.50%
Emerging Int'l Equities	7.00%	6.00%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core Bonds	4.50%	0.50%
Short Duration	2.50%	(0.25%)
Global Multi-Sector Fixed Income	11.00%	1.80%
Absolute Return Fixed Income	7.00%	1.14%
Total fixed income	25.00%	
Private equity	5.00%	6.25%
Private debt	5.00%	4.75%
Opportunistic	5.00%	2.15%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	3.25%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made under the current statute RSA 100-A:16 and that plan member contributions will be made under RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total OPEB liability.

# SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70 NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the School Administrative Unit's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following table presents the School Administrative Unit's proportionate share of the OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the School Administrative Unit's proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Actuarial			Curr	ent Single			
Valuation	1% Decrease		Rate A	Assumption	1% Increase		
Date	6.25%			7.25%	8.25%		
June 30, 2018	\$	38,514	\$	37,004	\$	32,774	

Sensitivity of the School Administrative Unit's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – GASB No. 75 requires the sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to the healthcare cost trend assumption. Since the medical subsidy benefits are a fixed stipend, there is no sensitivity to the change in the healthcare cost trend assumption.

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan financial report.

#### 11-B Retiree Health Benefit Program

Plan Description – GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) on an accrual basis, rather than on a payas-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially determined expense on the Statement of Activities when a future retiree earns their postemployment benefits, rather than when they use their postemployment benefit. The postemployment benefit liability is recognized on the Statement of Net Position over time.

**Benefits Provided** – The School Administrative Unit provides postemployment healthcare benefits for certain eligible retirees. The School Administrative Unit provides medical benefits to its eligible retirees. The benefits are provided through the New Hampshire Inter-Local Trust.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At July 1, 2018, nine active employees were covered by the benefit terms.

Total OPEB Liability – The School Administrative Unit's total OPEB liability of \$194,392 was measured as of July 1, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability of \$194,392 in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate:	3.51%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
Current Year Trend	7.50%
Second Year Trend	7.00%
Decrement	0.50%
Ultimate Trend	5.00%
Year Ultimate Trend is Reached	2029
Payroll Growth:	3.25%

The discount rate was based on the index provided by *Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index* based on the 20-year AA municipal bond rate as of July 1, 2018.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Health Participant Table Projected 10 years using Projection Scale AA.

## Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	June	30,
Ne	2018	2019
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	\$ 190,247	\$180,991
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	10,729	10,946
Interest	7,075	8,047
Changes in benefit terms	#	(24,384)
Assumption changes and difference between actual		
and expected experience	(20,304)	23,621
Change in actuarial cost method	<u> </u>	8
Benefit payments	(6,756)	(4,829)
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$ 180,991	\$ 194,392

Sensitivity of the School Administrative Unit's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was prepared using a discount rate of 3.51%. If the discount rate were 1% higher than what was used the OPEB liability would decrease to \$180,972 or by 6.90%. If the discount rate were 1% lower than what was used the OPEB liability would increase to \$208,628 or by 7.32%.

			Dise	count Rate		
	1% Decrease		Base	eline 3.51%	1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	208,628	\$	194,392	\$	180,972

Sensitivity of the School Administrative Unit's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was prepared using an initial trend rate of 3.51%. If the trend rate were 1% higher than what was used the OPEB liability would increase to \$213,544 or by 9.85%. If the trend rate were 1% lower than what was used the OPEB liability would decrease to \$177,599 or by 8.64%.

	Healt	theare Cost Trend I	Rates
	1% Decrease	Baseline 7.5%	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 177,599	\$ 194,392	\$ 213,544

*OPEB Expense*, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, *and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB* – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School Administrative Unit recognized OPEB benefit of \$18,019. At June 30, 2019, the School Administrative Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	eferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		
	Resources		Resources		
Increase in OPEB liability due to actual					
experience different from expected and					
actuarial assumption changes	\$	323	\$	54,864	
Changes in assumptions		5,093		4.295	
Total	\$	5,416	\$	59,159	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	
2019	\$ (9,438)
2020	(9,438)
2021	(9,438)
2022	(9,438)
2023	(9,438)
Thereafter	(6,553)
Totals	\$ (53,743)

#### NOTE 12 – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION

Governmental activities net position reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2019 include the following:

Net investment in capital assets:		
Total net investment in capital assets	\$	3,187
Unrestricted	(1	,340,222)
Total net position	\$(1	,337,035)

None of the net position is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### NOTE 13 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund balances at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

	General Fund
Nonspendable:	()=====================================
Prepaid Items	\$ 7,370
Unassigned	50,282
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 57,652

#### NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

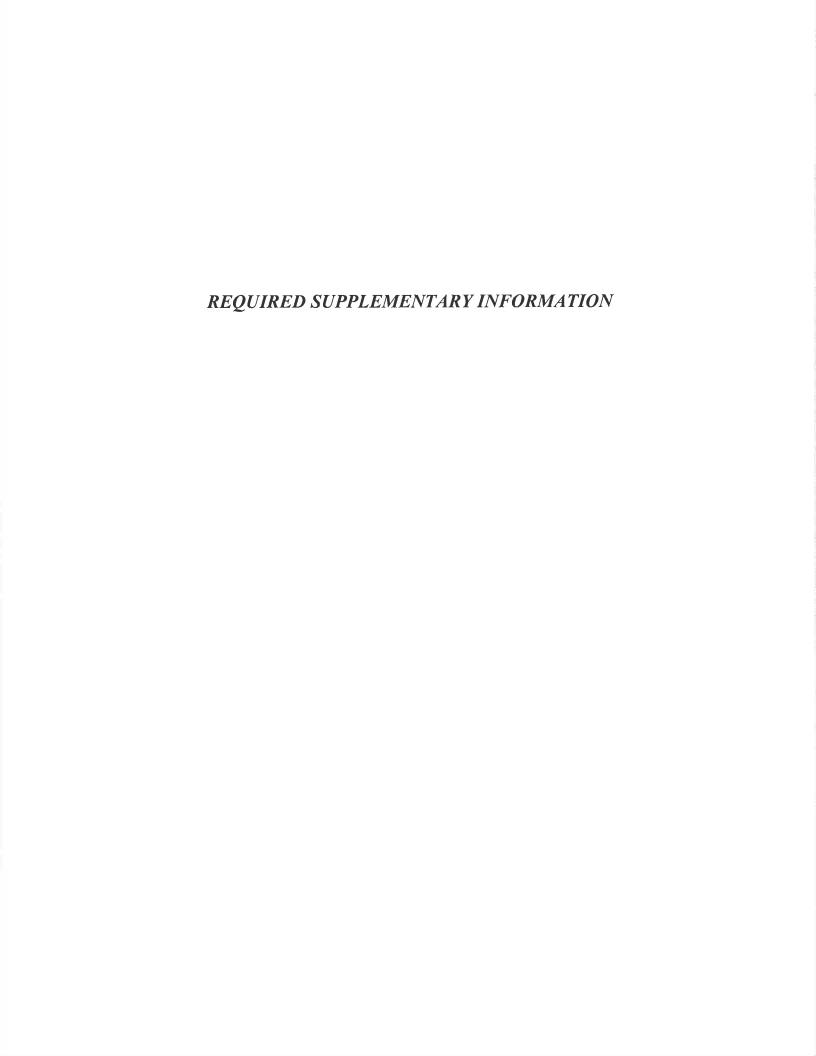
The School Administrative Unit is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the School Administrative Unit was a member of the New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Programs.

The New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Programs is a are pooled risk management programs under RSAs 5-B and 281-A. Coverage was provided from July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019 by Primex³, which retained \$2,000,000 of each workers' compensation loss, \$500,000 of each liability loss, and \$200,000 of each property loss. The Board has decided to self-insure the aggregate exposure and has allocated funds based on actuarial analysis for that purpose. The workers' compensation section of the self-insurance membership agreement permits Primex³ to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in contributions for any member year, not to exceed the member's annual contribution. GASB Statement No. 10 requires members of a pool with a sharing risk to disclose if such an assessment is probable, and a reasonable estimate of the amount, if any. In fiscal year 2018-19 the School Administrative Unit paid \$2,089 and \$3,702, respectively, to Primex for workers' compensation and property/liability. At this time, Primex³ foresees no likelihood of any additional assessment for this or any prior year.

The School Administrative Unit continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# *NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS*

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued. Recognized subsequent events are events or transactions that provided additional evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. Nonrecognized subsequent events are events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the balance sheet date, but arose after the date. Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 4, 2020 the date the June 30, 2019 financial statements were available to be issued, and no events occurred that require recognition or disclosure.



# EXHIBIT F SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

Schedule of the School Administrative Unit's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	June 30,								
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
School Administrative Unit's Proportion of the net pension liability	0.03%	0.03%	0.02%	0.03%	0.03%	0.02%			
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,226,990	\$949,200	\$935,040	\$ 1,459,536	\$ 1,343,515	\$ 1,035,218			
Covered payroll	\$ 838,301	\$ 782,097	\$622,025	\$ 731,570	\$ 782,489	\$ 692,279			
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	146.37%	121.37%	150.32%	199.51%	171.70%	149.54%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66,32%	59.81%	65.47%	58.30%	62.66%	64.73%			

# EXHIBIT G SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

# Schedule of School Administrative Unit Contributions - Pensions

## New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

						June	30,					
	201	4	20	15	20	16	<u>2</u>	:017	20	18	2	019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 70,	890	\$ 82	2,040	\$ 79	9,185	\$ 9	98,283	\$100	),079	\$ 9	0,867
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	70,890		82,040		79,185		98,283		100,079		90,867	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	100	\$		\$		\$	1.00
School Administrative Unit's covered payroll	\$ 838,	301	\$ 782	2,097	\$ 622	2,025	\$ 73	31,570	\$ 782	2,489	\$ 69	2,279
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.	46%	10	).49%	13	2.73%		13.43%	12	2.79%	1	3.13%

#### SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

# NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# Schedule of the School Administrative Unit's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of School Administrative Unit Contributions – Pensions

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Exhibits F and G represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the School Administrative Unit's pension plan at June 30, 2019. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

## Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates for Fiscal Year 2018:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage-of-Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 22 years beginning July 1, 2018 (30 years beginning July 1, 2009)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smooth market for funding purposes

Price Inflation 2.5% per year Wage Inflation 3.25% per year

Salary Increases 5.6% Average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.62% per year Investment Rate of Return 7.25% per year

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated

for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2015.

Mortality RP-2014 Employee generational mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality

improvements using Scale MP -2015, based in the last experience study.

Other Information:

Notes The roll-forward of total pension liability from June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 reflects expected

service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments.

# EXHIBIT H SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

Schedule of the School Administrative Unit's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability
New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		June 30,	
	2017	2018	2019
School Administrative Unit's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
School School Administrative Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 41,982	\$ 39,845	\$ 37,004
School School Administrative Unit's covered payroll	\$731,570	\$ 782,489	\$692,279
School School Administrative Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	5.74%	5.09%	5.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	5.21%	7.91%	7.53%

## EXHIBIT I SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

Schedule of School Administrative Unit's Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	June 30,					
		2017	9	2018		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	5,039	\$	5,165	\$	3,575
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		5,039		5,165		3,575
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	9	\$	4	\$	1
School Administrative Unit's covered payroll	\$7	31,570	\$ 7	/82,489	\$6	92,279
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.69%		0.66%		0.52%

## EXHIBIT J SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

Schedule of Changes in the School Administrative Unit's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Jur	June 30,		
	2018	2019		
OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$ 190,247	\$ 180,991		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	10,729	10,946		
Interest	7,075	8,047		
Changes to benefit terms	(2)	(24,384)		
Assumption changes and difference between actual				
and expected experience	(20,304)	23,621		
Change in actuarial cost method	•			
Benefit payments	(6,756)	(4,829)		
OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 180,991	\$ 194,392		
Covered payroll	\$ 608,979	\$ 692,628		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	29.72%	28.07%		

#### SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# Schedule of the School Administrative Unit's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Schedule of School Administrative Unit Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibits H and I represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the School Administrative Unit's other postemployment benefits at June 30, 2019. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

There were no changes to benefit terms or assumptions in the current actuarial valuation report.

#### Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage-of-Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period Not applicable under statutory funding
Asset Valuation Method 5-year smooth market: 20% corridor

Price Inflation 2.5% per year Wage Inflation 3.25% per year

Salary Increases 5.6% Average, including inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.62% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.25% per year, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation for determining

solvency contributions

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated

for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2015.

Mortality RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant and Employee generational mortality tables for males and females

with credibility adjustments, adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using

Scale MP-2015, based on the last experience study.

# Schedule of Changes in School Administrative Unit's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibit J represents the actuarial determined costs associated with the School Administrative Unit's other postemployment benefits at June 30, 2019. The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.



## SCHEDULE 1 SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

### Major General Fund

### Schedule of Estimated and Actual Revenues (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Estimated	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
School districts' assessments; Current appropriation	\$1,515,917	\$1,515,917	\$
Синен аррторналон	\$1,515,917	\$ 1,313,917	<b>J</b>
Other local sources:			
Investment earnings	100	3,486	3,386
Miscellaneous	100	107	7
Total from other local sources	200	3,593	3,393
Total revenues	1,516,117	\$1,519,510	\$ 3,393
Use of fund balance to reduce school districts' assessments	10,000		) <del></del>
Total revenues and use of fund balance	\$1,526,117		

## SCHEDULE 2 SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

# Major General Fund

# Schedule of Appropriations and Expenditures (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Current:	Appropriations	Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
Support services: Executive administration	\$ 1,526,117	\$ 1,491,587	\$ 34,530

# SCHEDULE 3 SCHOOL ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT NO. 70

### Major General Fund

# Schedule of Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unassigned fund balance, beginning		\$25,477
Changes: Unassigned fund balance used to reduce school districts' assessments		(10,000)
2018-2019 Budget summary:		
Revenue surplus (Schedule 1)	\$3,393	
Unexpended balance of appropriations (Schedule 2)	34,530	
2018-2019 Budget surplus	-	37.923
Increase in nonspendable fund balance		(3,118)
Unassigned fund balance, ending		\$ 50,282